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srt is a tiny Python library for parsing, modifying, and composing SRT files.
1.1 Quickstart

1.1.1 Parse an SRT to Python objects

```python
>>> import srt
>>> subtitle_generator = srt.parse('...
... 1
... 00:31:37,894 --> 00:31:39,928
... OK, look, I think I have a plan here.
... 2
... 00:31:39,931 --> 00:31:41,931
... Using mainly spoons,
... 3
... 00:31:41,933 --> 00:31:43,435
... we dig a tunnel under the city and release it into the wild.
...
...
'''

>>> subtitles = list(subtitle_generator)

>>> subtitles[0].start
datetime.timedelta(0, 1897, 894000)
>>> subtitles[1].content
'Using mainly spoons,

1.1.2 Compose an SRT from Python objects

```python
>>> print(srt.compose(subtitles))
1
00:31:37,894 --> 00:31:39,928
OK, look, I think I have a plan here.

2
00:31:39,931 --> 00:31:41,931
Using mainly spoons,

3
00:31:41,933 --> 00:31:43,435
```

(continues on next page)
we dig a tunnel under the city and release it into the wild.

1.2 API documentation

A tiny library for parsing, modifying, and composing SRT files.

**exception** `srt.SRTParseError` *(expected_start, actual_start, unmatched_content)*

Raised when part of an SRT block could not be parsed.

**Parameters**

- `expected_start` *(int)*: The expected contiguous start index
- `actual_start` *(int)*: The actual non-contiguous start index
- `unmatched_content` *(str)*: The content between the expected start index and the actual start index

**class** `srt.Subtitle` *(index, start, end, content, proprietary='')*

The metadata relating to a single subtitle. Subtitles are sorted by start time by default. If no index was provided, index 0 will be used on writing an SRT block.

**Parameters**

- `index` *(int or None)*: The SRT index for this subtitle
- `start` *(datetime.timedelta)*: The time that the subtitle should start being shown
- `end` *(datetime.timedelta)*: The time that the subtitle should stop being shown
- `proprietary` *(str)*: Proprietary metadata for this subtitle
- `content` *(str)*: The subtitle content. Should not contain OS-specific line separators, only \n. This is taken care of already if you use `srt.parse()` to generate Subtitle objects.

**to_srt** *(strict=True, eol='
')*

Convert the current `Subtitle` to an SRT block.

**Parameters**

- `strict` *(bool)*: If disabled, will allow blank lines in the content of the SRT block, which is a violation of the SRT standard and may cause your media player to explode
- `eol` *(str)*: The end of line string to use (default "\n")

**Returns** The metadata of the current `Subtitle` object as an SRT formatted subtitle block

**Return type** `str`

**exception** `srt.TimestampParseError`

Raised when an SRT timestamp could not be parsed.

**srt.compose** *(subtitles, reindex=True, start_index=1, strict=True, eol=None, in_place=False)*

Convert an iterator of `Subtitle` objects to a string of joined SRT blocks.

```python
>>> from datetime import timedelta
>>> start = timedelta(seconds=1)
>>> end = timedelta(seconds=2)
>>> subs = [...

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Parameters

- **subtitles** (iterator of `Subtitle` objects) – The subtitles to convert to SRT blocks
- **reindex** (bool) – Whether to reindex subtitles based on start time
- **start_index** (int) – If reindexing, the index to start reindexing from
- **strict** (bool) – Whether to enable strict mode, see `Subtitle.to_srt()` for more information
- **eol** (str) – The end of line string to use (default “\n”)
- **in_place** (bool) – Whether to reindex subs in-place for performance (version <=1.0.0 behaviour)

Returns A single SRT formatted string, with each input `Subtitle` represented as an SRT block

Return type str

### srt.make_legal_content(content)
Remove illegal content from a content block. Illegal content includes:
- Blank lines
- Starting or ending with a blank line

```python
>>> make_legal_content('\n
foo

bar\n
')
'foo\nbar'
```

Parameters content (str) – The content to make legal

Returns The legalised content

Return type str

### srt.parse(srt, ignore_errors=False)
Convert an SRT formatted string (in Python 2, a unicode object) to a generator of Subtitle objects.

This function works around bugs present in many SRT files, most notably that it is designed to not bork when presented with a blank line as part of a subtitle’s content.

```python
>>> subs = parse('"
... 422
... 00:31:39,931 --> 00:31:41,931
... Using mainly spoons,
... 423
... 00:31:41,933 --> 00:31:43,435
... we dig a tunnel under the city and release it into the wild.
... ""
>>> list(subs)
[Subtitle(...index=422...), Subtitle(...index=423...)]
```
Parameters

- **srt** *(str or a file-like object)* – Subtitles in SRT format
- **ignore_errors** – If True, garbled SRT data will be ignored, and we’ll continue trying to parse the rest of the file, instead of raising **SRTParseError** and stopping execution.

Returns The subtitles contained in the SRT file as **Subtitle** objects

Return type generator of **Subtitle** objects

Raises **SRTParseError** – If the matches are not contiguous and **ignore_errors** is False.

```python
from datetime import timedelta
>>> one = timedelta(seconds=1)
>>> two = timedelta(seconds=2)
>>> three = timedelta(seconds=3)
... subs = [
...     Subtitle(index=999, start=one, end=two, content='1'),
...     Subtitle(index=0, start=two, end=three, content='2'),
... ]
... list(sort_and_reindex(subs))
[Subtitle(...index=1...), Subtitle(...index=2...)]
```

Parameters

- **subtitles** – **Subtitle** objects in any order
- **start_index** *(int)* – The index to start from
- **in_place** *(bool)* – Whether to modify subs in-place for performance (version <=1.0.0 behaviour)
- **skip** *(bool)* – Whether to skip subtitles considered not useful (see above for rules)

Returns The sorted subtitles

Return type generator of **Subtitle** objects

```python
>>> srt_timestamp_to_timedelta('01:23:04,000')
datetime.timedelta(seconds=4984)
```

Parameters **timestamp** *(str)* – A timestamp in SRT format

Returns The timestamp as a **timedelta**
Return type  datetime.timedelta

Raises  TimestampParseError – If the timestamp is not parseable

`srt.timedelta_to_srt_timestamp(timedelta_timestamp)`  
Convert a timedelta to an SRT timestamp.

```python
>>> import datetime

>>> delta = datetime.timedelta(hours=1, minutes=23, seconds=4)

>>> timedelta_to_srt_timestamp(delta)
'01:23:04,000'
```

Parameters  timedelta_timestamp (datetime.timedelta) – A datetime to convert to an SRT timestamp

Returns  The timestamp in SRT format

Return type  str
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