
pandas-datareader Documentation

Release 0.6.0

pydata

Feb 02, 2018

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Up to date remote data access for pandas, works for multiple versions of pandas.

Warning: As of v0.6.0 Yahoo!, Google Options, Google Quotes and EDGAR have been immediately deprecated due to large changes in their API and no stable replacement.

Note: As of v0.6.0 Google finance is still functioning for historical price data, although there are frequent reports of failures. Failure is frequently encountered when bulk downloading historical price data.

CHAPTER 1

Usage

Starting in 0.19.0, pandas no longer supports `pandas.io.data` or `pandas.io.wb`, so you must replace your imports from `pandas.io` with those from `pandas_datareader`:

```
from pandas.io import data, wb # becomes
from pandas_datareader import data, wb
```

Many functions from the `data` module have been included in the top level API.

```
import pandas_datareader as pdr
pdr.get_data_fred('GS10')
```


CHAPTER 2

Documentation

Stable documentation is available on github.io. A second copy of the stable documentation is hosted on [read the docs](#) for more details.

Development documentation is available for the latest changes in master.

3.1 Requirements

Using pandas datareader requires the following packages:

- pandas>=0.19.2
- lxml
- requests>=2.3.0
- requests-file
- requests-ftp
- wrapt

Building the documentation additionally requires:

- matplotlib
- ipython
- sphinx
- sphinx_rtd_theme

Testing requires pytest.

3.2 Install latest release version via pip

```
$ pip install pandas-datareader
```

3.3 Install latest development version

```
$ pip install git+https://github.com/pydata/pandas-datareader.git
```

or

```
$ git clone https://github.com/pydata/pandas-datareader.git
$ python setup.py install
```

Contents:

4.1 What's New

These are new features and improvements of note in each release.

4.1.1 v0.6.0 (January 24, 2018)

This is a major release from 0.5.0. We recommend that all users upgrade.

Warning: Yahoo!, Google Options, Google Quotes and EDGAR have been immediately deprecated.

Note: Google finance is still functioning for historical price data, although there are frequent reports of failures. Failure is frequently encountered when bulk downloading historical price data.

Highlights include:

- Immediate deprecation of Yahoo!, Google Options and Quotes and EDGAR. The end points behind these APIs have radically changed and the existing readers require complete rewrites. In the case of most Yahoo! data the endpoints have been removed. PDR would like to restore these features, and pull requests are welcome.
- A new connector for Tiingo was introduced. Tiingo provides historical end-of-day data for a large set of equities, ETFs and mutual funds. Free registration is required to get an API key ([GH478](#)).
- A new connector for Robinhood was introduced. This provides up to 1 year of historical end-of-day data. It also provides near real-time quotes. ([GH477](#)).
- A new connector for Morningstar Open, High, Low, Close and Volume was introduced ([GH467](#))

- A new connector for IEX daily price data was introduced (GH465).
- A new connector for IEX the majority of the IEX API was introduced (GH446).
- A new data connector for stock index data provided by Stooq was introduced (GH447).
- A new data connector for data provided by the Bank of Canada was introduced (GH440).

What's new in v0.6.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*
- *Bug Fixes*
- *Other Changes*

Enhancements

- A new data connector for data provided by the [Bank of Canada](#) was introduced. (GH440)
- A new data connector for stock index data provided by [Stooq](#) was introduced. (GH447)
- A new connector for IEX the majority of the [IEX API](#) was introduced (GH446).
- A new connector for [IEX daily price data](#) was introduced (GH465).
- A new data connector for stock pricing data provided by [Morningstar](#) was introduced. (GH467)
- A new data connector for stock pricing data provided by [Robinhood](#) was introduced. (GH477)
- A new data connector for stock pricing data provided by [Tiingo](#) was introduced. (GH478)

Backwards incompatible API changes

- Deprecation of Yahoo readers. Yahoo! retired the financial data end points in late 2017. It is not possible to reliably retrieve data from Yahoo! without these endpoints. The Yahoo! readers have been immediately deprecated and will raise an *ImmediateDeprecationError* when called.
- Deprecation of EDGAR readers. EDGAR substantially altered their API. The EDGAR readers have been immediately deprecated and will raise an *ImmediateDeprecationError* when called.
- Google finance data will raise an *UnstableAPIWarning* when first called. Google has also altered their API in a way that makes reading data unreliable. It may still work. However it also regularly fails, especially when used for bulk downloading. Google may be removed in the future.

Bug Fixes

- *freq* parameter was added to the WorldBank connector to address a limitation (GH198, GH449).
- The Enigma data connector was updated to the latest API (GH380).
- The Google finance endpoint was updated to the latest value (GH404).
- The end point for FRED was updated to the latest values (GH436).
- The end point for WorldBank was updated to the latest values (GH456).

Other Changes

- The minimum tested pandas version was increased to 0.19.2 (GH441).
- Added versioneer to simplifying release (GH442).
- Added doct to automatically build docs for gh-pages (GH459).

4.1.2 v0.5.0 (July 25, 2017)

This is a major release from 0.4.0. We recommend that all users upgrade.

Highlights include:

- Compat with the new Yahoo iCharts API. Yahoo removed the older API, this release restores ability to download from Yahoo. (GH315)

What's new in v0.5.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*
- *Bug Fixes*

Enhancements

- DataReader now supports Quandl, see *here* (GH361).

Backwards incompatible API changes

- Removed Oanda as it became subscription only (GH296).

Bug Fixes

- web sessions are closed properly at the end of use (GH355)
- Handle commas in large price quotes (GH345)
- Test suite fixes for test_get_options_data (GH352)
- Test suite fixes for test_wdi_download (GH350)
- avoid monkey patching requests.Session (GH301)
- get_data_yahoo() now treats 'null' strings as missing values (GH342)

4.1.3 v0.4.0 (May 15, 2017)

This is a major release from 0.3.0 and includes compat with pandas 0.20.1, and some backwards incompatible API changes.

Highlights include:

What's new in v0.4.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*

Enhancements

- Compat with pandas 0.20.1 ([GH304](#), [GH320](#))
- Switched test framework to use `pytest` ([GH310](#), [GH312](#))

Backwards incompatible API changes

- Support has been dropped for Python 2.6 and 3.4 ([GH313](#))
- Support has been dropped for *pandas* versions before 0.17.0 ([GH313](#))

4.1.4 v0.3.0 (January 14, 2017)

This is a major release from 0.2.1 and includes new features and a number of bug fixes.

Highlights include:

What's new in v0.3.0

- *New features*
 - *Other enhancements*
- *Bug Fixes*

New features

- `DataReader` now supports dividend only pulls from Yahoo! Finance ([GH138](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports downloading mutual fund prices from the Thrift Savings Plan, see [here](#) ([GH157](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports Google options data source ([GH148](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports Google quotes ([GH188](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports Enigma dataset. see [here](#) ([GH245](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports downloading a full list of NASDAQ listed symbols. see [here](#) ([GH254](#)).

Other enhancements

- Eurostat reader now supports larger data returned from API via zip format. ([GH205](#))
- Added support for Python 3.6.
- Added support for pandas 19.2

Bug Fixes

- Fixed bug that caused `DataReader` to fail if company name has a comma. (GH85).
- Fixed bug in `YahooOptions` caused as a result of change in yahoo website format. (GH244).

4.1.5 v0.2.1 (November 26, 2015)

This is a minor release from 0.2.0 and includes new features and bug fixes.

Highlights include:

What's new in v0.2.1

- *New features*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*

New features

- `DataReader` now supports Eurostat data sources, see [here](#) (GH101).
- `Options` downloading is approximately 4x faster as a result of a rewrite of the parsing function. (GH122)
- `DataReader` and `Options` now support caching, see [here](#) (GH110),(GH116),(GH121), (GH122).

Backwards incompatible API changes

- `Options` columns `PctChg` and `IV` (Implied Volatility) are now type float rather than string. (GH122)

4.1.6 v0.2.0 (October 9, 2015)

This is a major release from 0.1.1 and includes new features and a number of bug fixes.

Highlights include:

What's new in v0.2.0

- *New features*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*
- *Bug Fixes*

New features

- Added latitude and longitude to output of `wb.get_countries` (GH47).
- Extended `DataReader` to fetch dividends and stock splits from Yahoo (GH45).
- Added `get_available_datasets` to `famafrench` (GH56).
- `DataReader` now supports OECD data sources, see [here](#) (GH101).

Backwards incompatible API changes

- Fama French indexes are not `Pandas.PeriodIndex` for annual and monthly data, and `pandas.DatetimeIndex` otherwise (GH56).

Bug Fixes

- Update Fama-French URL (GH53)
- Fixed bug where `get_quote_yahoo` would fail if a company name had a comma (GH85)

4.2 Remote Data Access

Warning: Yahoo! Finance has been immediately deprecated. Yahoo! substantially altered their API in late 2017 and the csv endpoint was retired.

Functions from `pandas_datareader.data` and `pandas_datareader.wb` extract data from various Internet sources into a pandas DataFrame. Currently the following sources are supported:

- *Google Finance*
- *Morningstar*
- *IEX*
- *Robinhood*
- *Enigma*
- *Quandl*
- *St.Louis FED (FRED)*
- *Kenneth French's data library*
- *World Bank*
- *OECD*
- *Eurostat*
- *Thrift Savings Plan*
- *Nasdaq Trader symbol definitions*
- *Stooq*
- *MOEX*

It should be noted, that various sources support different kinds of data, so not all sources implement the same methods and the data elements returned might also differ.

4.2.1 Google Finance

Warning: Google's API has become less reliable during 2017. While the google datareader often works as expected, it is not uncommon to experience a range of errors when attempting to read data, especially in bulk.

```
In [1]: import pandas_datareader.data as web
In [2]: import datetime
In [3]: start = datetime.datetime(2010, 1, 1)
In [4]: end = datetime.datetime(2013, 1, 27)
In [5]: f = web.DataReader('F', 'google', start, end)

In [6]: f.ix['2010-01-04']
=====
↪
Open           10.17
High           10.28
Low            10.05
Close          10.28
Volume        60855796.00
Name: 2010-01-04 00:00:00, dtype: float64
```

4.2.2 Tiingo

Tiingo is a trading platform that provides a data api with historical end-of-day prices on equities, mutual funds and ETFs. Free registration is required to get an API key. Free accounts are rate limited and can access a limited number of symbols (500 at the time of writing).

```
In [7]: import os
In [8]: import pandas_datareader as pdr

In [9]: df = pdr.get_data_tiingo('GOOG', api_key=os.getenv('TIINGO_API_KEY'))
-----
AttributeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-9-c390cc1bcafe> in <module>()
----> 1 df = pdr.get_data_tiingo('GOOG', api_key=os.getenv('TIINGO_API_KEY'))

AttributeError: module 'pandas_datareader' has no attribute 'get_data_tiingo'

In [10]: df.head()
=====
↪
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-10-c42a15b2c7cf> in <module>()
----> 1 df.head()

NameError: name 'df' is not defined
```

4.2.3 Morningstar

OHLC and Volume data is available from Morningstar using the same API which powers their charts.

```
In [11]: import pandas_datareader.data as web
In [12]: from datetime import datetime
In [13]: start = datetime(2015, 2, 9)
In [14]: end = datetime(2017, 5, 24)
In [15]: f = web.DataReader('F', 'morningstar', start, end)
In [16]: f.head()
Out[16]:
```

Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume
F	2015-02-09	15.92	16.03	15.72	15.76	20286720
	2015-02-10	16.09	16.14	15.91	16.05	27928530
	2015-02-11	16.25	16.31	16.01	16.08	34285331
	2015-02-12	16.36	16.45	16.30	16.34	23738806
	2015-02-13	16.30	16.36	16.19	16.33	19954568

4.2.4 IEX

The Investors Exchange (IEX) provides a wide range of data through an [API](#). Historical stock prices are available for up to 5 years:

```
In [17]: import pandas_datareader.data as web
In [18]: from datetime import datetime
In [19]: start = datetime(2015, 2, 9)
In [20]: end = datetime(2017, 5, 24)
In [21]: f = web.DataReader('F', 'iex', start, end)
5y
In [22]: f.loc['2015-02-09']
Out[22]:
```

open	15.76
high	16.03
low	15.72
close	15.92
volume	20286720.00

Name: 2015-02-09, dtype: float64

There are additional interfaces to this API that are directly exposed: tops (*'iex-tops'*) and last (*'iex-lasts'*). A third interface to the deep API is exposed through *Deep* class or the *get_iex_book* function.

```
In [23]: import pandas_datareader.data as web
In [24]: f = web.DataReader('gs', 'iex-tops')
In [25]: f[:10]
```

```
Out [25]:
askPrice          0
askSize           0
bidPrice          0
bidSize           0
lastSalePrice     272.48
lastSaleSize      3
lastSaleTime      1517518796044
lastUpdated       1517518800000
marketPercent     0.02056
sector            diversifiedfinancials
```

4.2.5 Robinhood

Robinhood is a stock trading platform with an API that provides a limited set of data. Historical daily data is limited to 1 year relative to today.

```
In [26]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [27]: from datetime import datetime

In [28]: f = web.DataReader('F', 'robinhood')

In [29]: f.head()
Out[29]:
      symbol  begins_at  close_price  high_price  interpolated  low_price  open_price  \
0  F         2017-02-02    11.5323    11.6169           False    11.4854    11.5511
1  F         2017-02-03    11.7953    11.8516           False    11.6356    11.6638
2  F         2017-02-06    11.7577    11.8469           False    11.7014    11.7859
3  F         2017-02-07    11.5887    11.7577           False    11.5605    11.7389
4  F         2017-02-08    11.6263    11.6920           False    11.5230    11.5887

      symbol  begins_at  session  volume
0  F         2017-02-02    reg     29035383
1  F         2017-02-03    reg     38245251
2  F         2017-02-06    reg     26916768
3  F         2017-02-07    reg     32914413
4  F         2017-02-08    reg     26411417
```

4.2.6 Enigma

Access datasets from [Enigma](https://enigma.io), the world's largest repository of structured public data. Note that the Enigma URL has changed from app.enigma.io as of release 0.6.0, as the old API deprecated.

Datasets are unique identified by the `uuid4` at the end of a dataset's web address. For example, the following code downloads from [USDA Food Recalls 1996 Data](https://enigma.io/dataset/292129b0-1275-44c8-a6a3-2a0881f24fe1).

```
In [30]: import os

In [31]: import pandas_datareader as pdr

In [32]: df = pdr.get_data_enigma('292129b0-1275-44c8-a6a3-2a0881f24fe1', os.getenv(
↳ 'ENIGMA_API_KEY'))
```

```

-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-32-f46ac2b42095> in <module>()
----> 1 df = pdr.get_data_enigma('292129b0-1275-44c8-a6a3-2a0881f24fe1', os.getenv(
↳ 'ENIGMA_API_KEY'))

~/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/pandas-datareader/envs/latest/lib/python3.5/
↳ site-packages/pandas_datareader-0.6.0-py3.5.egg/pandas_datareader/data.py in get_
↳ data_enigma(*args, **kwargs)
    66
    67 def get_data_enigma(*args, **kwargs):
----> 68     return EnigmaReader(*args, **kwargs).read()
    69
    70

~/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/pandas-datareader/envs/latest/lib/python3.5/
↳ site-packages/pandas_datareader-0.6.0-py3.5.egg/pandas_datareader/enigma.py in __
↳ init__(self, dataset_id, api_key, retry_count, pause, session)
    41     self._api_key = os.getenv('ENIGMA_API_KEY')
    42     if self._api_key is None:
----> 43         raise ValueError("Please provide an Enigma API key or set "
    44                             "the ENIGMA_API_KEY environment variable\n"
    45                             "If you do not have an API key, you can get "

ValueError: Please provide an Enigma API key or set the ENIGMA_API_KEY environment_
↳ variable
If you do not have an API key, you can get one here: http://public.enigma.com/signup

In [33]: df.columns
\-----\
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-33-b666bf274d0a> in <module>()
----> 1 df.columns

NameError: name 'df' is not defined

```

4.2.7 Quandl

Daily financial data (prices of stocks, ETFs etc.) from [Quandl](#). The symbol names consist of two parts: DB name and symbol name. DB names can be all the [free ones listed on the Quandl website](#). Symbol names vary with DB name; for WIKI (US stocks), they are the common ticker symbols, in some other cases (such as FSE) they can be a bit strange. Some sources are also mapped to suitable ISO country codes in the dot suffix style shown above, currently available for BE, CN, DE, FR, IN, JP, NL, PT, UK, US.

As of June 2017, each DB has a different data schema, the coverage in terms of time range is sometimes surprisingly small, and the data quality is not always good.

```

In [34]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [35]: symbol = 'WIKI/AAPL' # or 'AAPL.US'

In [36]: df = web.DataReader(symbol, 'quandl', '2015-01-01', '2015-01-05')

In [37]: df.loc['2015-01-02']
Out[37]:

```

Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	ExDividend	\
2015-01-02	111.39	111.44	107.35	109.33	53204626.0	0.0	

Date	SplitRatio	AdjOpen	AdjHigh	AdjLow	AdjClose	\
2015-01-02	1.0	105.820966	105.868466	101.982949	103.863957	

Date	AdjVolume
2015-01-02	53204626.0

4.2.8 FRED

```
In [38]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [39]: import datetime

In [40]: start = datetime.datetime(2010, 1, 1)

In [41]: end = datetime.datetime(2013, 1, 27)

In [42]: gdp = web.DataReader('GDP', 'fred', start, end)

In [43]: gdp.ix['2013-01-01']
Out[43]:
GDP    16475.44
Name: 2013-01-01 00:00:00, dtype: float64

# Multiple series:
In [44]: inflation = web.DataReader(['CPIAUCSL', 'CPILFESL'], 'fred', start, end)

In [45]: inflation.head()
Out[45]:
```

DATE	CPIAUCSL	CPILFESL
2010-01-01	217.488	220.633
2010-02-01	217.281	220.731
2010-03-01	217.353	220.783
2010-04-01	217.403	220.822
2010-05-01	217.290	220.962

4.2.9 Fama/French

Access datasets from the [Fama/French Data Library](#). The `get_available_datasets` function returns a list of all available datasets.

```
In [46]: from pandas_datareader.famafrench import get_available_datasets

In [47]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [48]: len(get_available_datasets())
Out[48]: 262
```

```
In [49]: ds = web.DataReader('5_Industry_Portfolios', 'famafrench')
```

```
In [50]: print(ds['DESCR'])
```

```
5 Industry Portfolios
```

```
-----
This file was created by CMPT_IND_RETS using the 201712 CRSP database. It contains
↳value- and equal-weighted returns for 5 industry portfolios. The portfolios are
↳constructed at the end of June. The annual returns are from January to December.
↳Missing data are indicated by -99.99 or -999. Copyright 2017 Kenneth R. French
```

```
0 : Average Value Weighted Returns -- Monthly (96 rows x 5 cols)
1 : Average Equal Weighted Returns -- Monthly (96 rows x 5 cols)
2 : Average Value Weighted Returns -- Annual (8 rows x 5 cols)
3 : Average Equal Weighted Returns -- Annual (8 rows x 5 cols)
4 : Number of Firms in Portfolios (96 rows x 5 cols)
5 : Average Firm Size (96 rows x 5 cols)
6 : Sum of BE / Sum of ME (8 rows x 5 cols)
7 : Value-Weighted Average of BE/ME (8 rows x 5 cols)
```

```
In [51]: ds[4].head()
```

```
////////////////////////////////////
↳
      Cnsmr  Manuf  HiTec  Hlth   Other
Date
2010-01    622    737    830    467    1232
2010-02    620    734    821    464    1221
2010-03    614    729    818    458    1215
2010-04    614    726    807    458    1203
2010-05    611    723    804    457    1195
```

4.2.10 World Bank

pandas users can easily access thousands of panel data series from the World Bank's World Development Indicators by using the `wb` I/O functions.

Indicators

Either from exploring the World Bank site, or using the search function included, every world bank indicator is accessible.

For example, if you wanted to compare the Gross Domestic Products per capita in constant dollars in North America, you would use the search function:

```
In [1]: from pandas_datareader import wb
In [2]: mathces = wb.search('gdp.*capita.*const')
```

Then you would use the download function to acquire the data from the World Bank's servers:

```
In [3]: dat = wb.download(indicator='NY.GDP.PCAP.KD', country=['US', 'CA', 'MX'],
↳start=2005, end=2008)

In [4]: print(dat)
              NY.GDP.PCAP.KD
country      year
```



```

Canada      2008  36005.5004978584
            2007  36182.9138439757
            2006  35785.9698172849
            2005  35087.8925933298
Mexico      2008  8113.10219480083
            2007  8119.21298908649
            2006  7961.96818458178
            2005  7666.69796097264
United States 2008  43069.5819857208
            2007  43635.5852068142
            2006   43228.111147107
            2005  42516.3934699993

```

The resulting dataset is a properly formatted DataFrame with a hierarchical index, so it is easy to apply `.groupby` transformations to it:

```

In [6]: dat['NY.GDP.PCAP.KD'].groupby(level=0).mean()
Out[6]:
country
Canada      35765.569188
Mexico       7965.245332
United States 43112.417952
dtype: float64

```

Now imagine you want to compare GDP to the share of people with cellphone contracts around the world.

```

In [7]: wb.search('cell.*%').iloc[:, :2]
Out[7]:
           id                                     name
3990  IT.CEL.SETS.FE.ZS  Mobile cellular telephone users, female (% of ...
3991  IT.CEL.SETS.MA.ZS  Mobile cellular telephone users, male (% of po...
4027      IT.MOB.COV.ZS  Population coverage of mobile cellular telepho...

```

Notice that this second search was much faster than the first one because pandas now has a cached list of available data series.

```

In [13]: ind = ['NY.GDP.PCAP.KD', 'IT.MOB.COV.ZS']
In [14]: dat = wb.download(indicator=ind, country='all', start=2011, end=2011).
↳dropna()
In [15]: dat.columns = ['gdp', 'cellphone']
In [16]: print(dat.tail())
           gdp  cellphone
country  year
Swaziland 2011  2413.952853      94.9
Tunisia   2011  3687.340170     100.0
Uganda    2011  405.332501     100.0
Zambia    2011  767.911290      62.0
Zimbabwe  2011  419.236086      72.4

```

Finally, we use the `statsmodels` package to assess the relationship between our two variables using ordinary least squares regression. Unsurprisingly, populations in rich countries tend to use cellphones at a higher rate:

```

In [17]: import numpy as np
In [18]: import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
In [19]: mod = smf.ols('cellphone ~ np.log(gdp)', dat).fit()
In [20]: print(mod.summary())

```

OLS Regression Results

=====

Dep. Variable:	cellphone	R-squared:	0.297			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.274			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	13.08			
Date:	Thu, 25 Jul 2013	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00105			
Time:	15:24:42	Log-Likelihood:	-139.16			
No. Observations:	33	AIC:	282.3			
Df Residuals:	31	BIC:	285.3			
Df Model:	1					
=====						
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]	

Intercept	16.5110	19.071	0.866	0.393	-22.384	55.406
np.log(gdp)	9.9333	2.747	3.616	0.001	4.331	15.535
=====						
Omnibus:		36.054	Durbin-Watson:			2.071
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):			119.133
Skew:		-2.314	Prob(JB):			1.35e-26
Kurtosis:		11.077	Cond. No.			45.8
=====						

Country Codes

The `country` argument accepts a string or list of mixed two or three character ISO country codes, as well as dynamic World Bank exceptions to the ISO standards.

For a list of the the hard-coded country codes (used solely for error handling logic) see `pandas_datareader.wb.country_codes`.

Problematic Country Codes & Indicators

Note: The World Bank's country list and indicators are dynamic. As of 0.15.1, `wb.download()` is more flexible. To achieve this, the warning and exception logic changed.

The world bank converts some country codes, in their response, which makes error checking by pandas difficult. Retired indicators still persist in the search.

Given the new flexibility of 0.15.1, improved error handling by the user may be necessary for fringe cases.

To help identify issues:

There are at least 4 kinds of country codes:

1. Standard (2/3 digit ISO) - returns data, will warn and error properly.
2. Non-standard (WB Exceptions) - returns data, but will falsely warn.
3. Blank - silently missing from the response.
4. Bad - causes the entire response from WB to fail, always exception inducing.

There are at least 3 kinds of indicators:

1. Current - Returns data.
2. Retired - Appears in search results, yet won't return data.
3. Bad - Will not return data.

4.2.12 Eurostat

Eurostat are available via DataReader.

Get Rail accidents by type of accident (ERA data) data. The result will be a DataFrame which has DatetimeIndex as index and MultiIndex of attributes or countries as column. The target URL is:

- http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=tran_sf_railac&lang=en

You can specify dataset ID 'tran_sf_railac' to get corresponding data via DataReader.

```
In [57]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [58]: df = web.DataReader('tran_sf_railac', 'eurostat')

In [59]: df
Out[59]:
ACCIDENT      Collisions of trains, including collisions with obstacles within the_
↳clearance gauge \
UNIT
↳      Number
GEO
↳      Austria
FREQ
↳      Annual
TIME_PERIOD
↳
2010-01-01      3.0
↳
2011-01-01      2.0
↳
2012-01-01      1.0
↳
2013-01-01      4.0
↳
2014-01-01      1.0
↳
2015-01-01      7.0
↳
2016-01-01      7.0
↳

ACCIDENT      \
UNIT
GEO      Belgium Bulgaria Switzerland Channel Tunnel Czech Republic
FREQ      Annual      Annual      Annual      Annual      Annual
TIME_PERIOD
2010-01-01      5.0      2.0      5.0      0.0      3.0
2011-01-01      0.0      0.0      4.0      0.0      6.0
2012-01-01      3.0      3.0      4.0      0.0      6.0
2013-01-01      1.0      2.0      6.0      0.0      5.0
2014-01-01      3.0      4.0      0.0      0.0      13.0
2015-01-01      0.0      3.0      3.0      0.0      14.0
2016-01-01      2.0      3.0      2.0      0.0      6.0

ACCIDENT      \
UNIT
GEO      Germany (until 1990 former territory of the FRG) Denmark Estonia
FREQ      Annual      Annual      Annual
```

```

TIME_PERIOD
2010-01-01          13.0    0.0    1.0
2011-01-01          18.0    1.0    0.0
2012-01-01          23.0    1.0    3.0
2013-01-01          29.0    0.0    0.0
2014-01-01          32.0    0.0    0.0
2015-01-01          40.0    3.0    0.0
2016-01-01          29.0    0.0    3.0

ACCIDENT          ...          Unknown
UNIT              ...          Number
GEO              Greece      ...          Netherlands Norway Poland Portugal Romania
FREQ            Annual      ...          Annual Annual Annual Annual Annual
TIME_PERIOD
2010-01-01      4.0      ...          NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN
2011-01-01      1.0      ...          NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN
2012-01-01      2.0      ...          NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN
2013-01-01      2.0      ...          NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN
2014-01-01      1.0      ...          NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN
2015-01-01      2.0      ...          NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN
2016-01-01      1.0      ...          NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN

ACCIDENT
UNIT
GEO              Sweden Slovenia Slovakia Turkey United Kingdom
FREQ            Annual Annual Annual Annual Annual
TIME_PERIOD
2010-01-01      NaN NaN NaN 0.0 NaN
2011-01-01      NaN NaN NaN 0.0 NaN
2012-01-01      NaN NaN NaN 0.0 NaN
2013-01-01      NaN NaN NaN 0.0 NaN
2014-01-01      NaN NaN NaN 0.0 NaN
2015-01-01      NaN NaN NaN 0.0 NaN
2016-01-01      NaN NaN NaN 0.0 NaN

[7 rows x 264 columns]

```

4.2.13 TSP Fund Data

Download mutual fund index prices for the TSP.

```

In [60]: import pandas_datareader.tsp as tsp

In [61]: tspreader = tsp.TSPReader(start='2015-10-1', end='2015-12-31')

In [62]: tspreader.read()
Out[62]:
      date      L Income      L 2020      L 2030      L 2040      L 2050      G Fund      F Fund \
2015-10-01  17.5164  22.5789  24.2159  25.5690  14.4009  14.8380  17.0467
2015-10-02  17.5707  22.7413  24.4472  25.8518  14.5805  14.8388  17.0924
2015-10-05  17.6395  22.9582  24.7571  26.2306  14.8233  14.8413  17.0531
2015-10-06  17.6338  22.9390  24.7268  26.1898  14.7979  14.8421  17.0790
2015-10-07  17.6639  23.0324  24.8629  26.3598  14.9063  14.8429  17.0725
2015-10-08  17.6957  23.1364  25.0122  26.5422  15.0240  14.8437  17.0363
2015-10-09  17.7048  23.1646  25.0521  26.5903  15.0554  14.8445  17.0511

```

```

...
2015-12-22  17.7493  23.1452  24.9775  26.4695  14.9611  14.9076  16.9607
2015-12-23  17.8015  23.3149  25.2208  26.7663  15.1527  14.9084  16.9421
2015-12-24  17.7991  23.3039  25.2052  26.7481  15.1407  14.9093  16.9596
2015-12-28  17.7950  23.2811  25.1691  26.7015  15.1101  14.9128  16.9799
2015-12-29  17.8270  23.3871  25.3226  26.8905  15.2319  14.9137  16.9150
2015-12-30  17.8066  23.3216  25.2267  26.7707  15.1556  14.9146  16.9249
2015-12-31  17.7733  23.2085  25.0635  26.5715  15.0263  14.9154  16.9549

      C Fund  S Fund  I Fund
date
2015-10-01  25.7953  34.0993  23.3202  NaN
2015-10-02  26.1669  34.6504  23.6367
2015-10-05  26.6467  35.3565  24.1475
2015-10-06  26.5513  35.1320  24.2294
2015-10-07  26.7751  35.6035  24.3671
2015-10-08  27.0115  35.9016  24.6406
2015-10-09  27.0320  35.9772  24.7723
...
2015-12-22  27.4848  35.0903  23.8679
2015-12-23  27.8272  35.5749  24.3623
2015-12-24  27.7831  35.6084  24.3272
2015-12-28  27.7230  35.4625  24.2816
2015-12-29  28.0236  35.8047  24.4757
2015-12-30  27.8239  35.5126  24.4184
2015-12-31  27.5622  35.2356  24.0952

[62 rows x 11 columns]

```

4.2.14 Nasdaq Trader Symbol Definitions

Download the latest symbols from [Nasdaq](#).

Note that Nasdaq updates this file daily, and historical versions are not available. More information on the [field definitions](#).

```

In [12]: from pandas_datareader.nasdaq_trader import get_nasdaq_symbols
In [13]: symbols = get_nasdaq_symbols()
In [14]: print(symbols.ix['IBM'])
      Nasdaq Traded      True
      Security Name      International Business Machines Corporation Co...
      Listing Exchange      N
      Market Category
      ETF      False
      Round Lot Size      100
      Test Issue      False
      Financial Status      NaN
      CQS Symbol      IBM
      NASDAQ Symbol      IBM
      NextShares      False
      Name: IBM, dtype: object

```

4.2.15 Stooq Index Data

Google finance doesn't provide common index data download. The Stooq site has the data for download.

```
In [63]: import pandas_datareader.data as web
```

```
In [64]: f = web.DataReader('^DJI', 'stoq')
```

```
In [65]: f[:10]
```

```
Out [65]:
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume
Date					
2018-02-01	26083.04	26306.70	26014.44	26186.71	NaN
2018-01-31	26268.17	26338.03	26050.98	26149.39	140120144.0
2018-01-30	26198.45	26256.99	26028.42	26076.89	111840144.0
2018-01-29	26584.28	26608.90	26435.34	26439.48	110919888.0
2018-01-26	26466.74	26616.71	26425.35	26616.71	123610888.0
2018-01-25	26313.06	26458.25	26259.72	26392.79	95732448.0
2018-01-24	26282.07	26392.80	26106.94	26252.12	123271104.0
2018-01-23	26214.87	26246.19	26143.90	26210.81	109272288.0
2018-01-22	26025.32	26215.23	25974.65	26214.60	126357768.0
2018-01-19	25987.35	26071.72	25942.83	26071.72	171541424.0

4.2.16 MOEX Data

The Moscow Exchange (MOEX) provides historical data.

```
In [66]: import pandas_datareader.data as web
```

```
In [67]: f = web.DataReader('USD000UTSTOM', 'moex', start='2017-07-01', end='2017-07-31')
```

```
In [68]: f.head()
```

```
Out [68]:
```

	BOARDID	SHORTNAME	SECID	OPEN	LOW	HIGH	CLOSE	\
TRADEDATE								
2017-07-03	CNGD	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	58.98	58.840	59.4250	59.3600	
2017-07-04	CETS	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	59.30	59.135	59.4575	59.4125	
2017-07-04	CNGD	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	59.36	58.930	59.3600	59.3575	
2017-07-05	CETS	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	59.30	59.300	60.2600	59.9825	
2017-07-05	CNGD	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	59.34	59.265	60.1800	60.1800	
	NUMTRADES		VOLRUR	WAPRICE				
TRADEDATE								
2017-07-03	24	1.864785e+09	NaN					
2017-07-04	21053	1.090265e+11	59.2700					
2017-07-04	37	1.046416e+09	NaN					
2017-07-05	50108	2.874226e+11	59.9234					
2017-07-05	35	6.339036e+09	NaN					

4.3 Caching queries

Making the same request repeatedly can use a lot of bandwidth, slow down your code and may result in your IP being banned.

pandas-datareader allows you to cache queries using `requests_cache` by passing a `requests_cache.Session` to `DataReader` or `Options` using the `session` parameter.

4.4 Other Data Sources

Web interfaces are constantly evolving and so there is constant evolution in this space. There are a number of noteworthy Python packages that integrate into the PyData ecosystem that are more narrowly focused than pandas-datareader.

4.4.1 Alpha Vantage

Alpha Vantage provides real time and historical equity data. Users are required to get a free API key before using the API. [Documentation](#) is available.

A [python package](#) simplifying access is available on github.

4.4.2 Tiingo

Tiingo aims to make high-end financial tools accessible investors. The [API is documented](#). Users are required to get a free API key before using the API.

A [python package](#) simplifying access is available on github.

4.4.3 Barchart

Barchart is a data provider covering a wide range of financial data. The [free API](#) provides up to two years of historical data.

A [python package](#) simplifying access is available on github.

4.4.4 List of Other Sources

Awesome Quant maintains a large list of packages designed to provide access to financial data.

4.5 Data Readers

4.5.1 Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED)

```
class pandas_datareader.fred.FredReader(symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3,  
                                         pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None,  
                                         freq=None)
```

Get data for the given name from the St. Louis FED (FRED).

```
close()
```

Close network session

```
params
```

Parameters to use in API calls

```
read()
```

Read data

Returns data – If multiple names are passed for “series” then the index of the DataFrame is the outer join of the indices of each series.

Return type DataFrame

url
API URL

4.5.2 Fama-French Data (Ken French's Data Library)

class `pandas_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader` (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from the Fama/French data library.

For annual and monthly data, index is a `pandas.PeriodIndex`, otherwise it's a `pandas.DatetimeIndex`.

close()
Close network session

get_available_datasets()
Get the list of datasets available from the Fama/French data library.

Returns datasets – A list of valid inputs for `get_data_famafrench`

Return type list

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data

Returns df – A dictionary of DataFrames. Tables are accessed by integer keys. See `df['DESCR']` for a description of the data set.

Return type dict

url
API URL

`pandas_datareader.famafrench.get_available_datasets(**kwargs)`

Get the list of datasets available from the Fama/French data library.

Parameters session (*Session, default None*) – `requests.sessions.Session` instance to be used

Returns

Return type A list of valid inputs for `get_data_famafrench`.

4.5.3 Bank of Canada

class `pandas_datareader.bankofcanada.BankOfCanadaReader` (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from Bank of Canada.

Notes

See [Bank of Canada](#)

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data from connector

url

API URL

4.5.4 Engima

```
class pandas_datareader.engima.EnigmaReader (dataset_id=None, api_key=None,  
retry_count=5, pause=0.75, session=None)
```

Collects current snapshot of Enigma data located at the specified data set ID and returns a pandas DataFrame.

Examples

Download current snapshot for the following Florida Inspections Dataset: <https://public.enigma.com/datasets/bedaf052-5fcd-4758-8d27-048ce8746c6a>

```
>>> import pandas_datareader as pdr  
>>> df = pdr.get_data_enigma('bedaf052-5fcd-4758-8d27-048ce8746c6a')
```

In the event that ENIGMA_API_KEY does not exist in your env, the key can be supplied as the second argument or as the keyword argument *api_key*

```
>>> df = EnigmaReader(dataset_id='bedaf052-5fcd-4758-8d27-048ce8746c6a',  
...                   api_key='INSERT_API_KEY').read()
```

close()

Close network session

get_current_snapshot_id(*dataset_id*)

Get ID of the most current snapshot of a dataset

get_dataset_metadata(*dataset_id*)

Get the Dataset Model of this EnigmaReader's dataset <https://docs.public.enigma.com/resources/dataset/index.html>

get_snapshot_export(*snapshot_id*)

Return raw CSV of a dataset

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data

url

API URL

4.5.5 Eurostat

```
class pandas_datareader.eurostat.EurostatReader (symbols, start=None, end=None,
                                             retry_count=3, pause=0.1, time-
                                             out=30, session=None, freq=None)
```

Get data for the given name from Eurostat.

```
close ()
    Close network session
```

```
dsd_url
    API DSD URL
```

```
params
    Parameters to use in API calls
```

```
read ()
    Read data from connector
```

```
url
    API URL
```

4.5.6 The Investors Exchange (IEX)

```
class pandas_datareader.iex.daily.IEXDailyReader (symbols=None, start=None,
                                                    end=None, retry_count=3,
                                                    pause=0.35, session=None, chunk-
                                                    size=25)
```

Returns DataFrame/Panel of historical stock prices from symbols, over date range, start to end. To avoid being penalized by Google Finance servers, pauses between downloading ‘chunks’ of symbols can be specified.

Parameters

- **symbols** (*string, array-like object (list, tuple, Series), or DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or DataFrame with index containing stock symbols.
- **start** (*string, (defaults to '1/1/2010')*) – Starting date, timestamp. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., ‘JAN-01-2010’, ‘1/1/10’, ‘Jan, 1, 1980’)
- **end** (*string, (defaults to today)*) – Ending date, timestamp. Same format as starting date.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize** (*int, default 25*) – Number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

```
close ()
    Close network session
```

```
endpoint
    API endpoint
```

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data

url

API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.market.**MarketReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None*)

Near real-time traded volume

Notes

Market data is captured by the IEX system between approximately 7:45 a.m. and 5:15 p.m. ET.

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data

service

Service endpoint

url

API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.ref.**SymbolsReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None*)

Symbols available for trading on IEX

Notes

Returns symbols IEX supports for trading. Updated daily as of 7:45 a.m. ET.

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data

service

Service endpoint

url

API URL

```

class pandas_datareader.iex.stats.DailySummaryReader (symbols=None, start=None,
                                                    end=None, retry_count=3,
                                                    pause=0.001, session=None)

    Daily statistics from IEX for a day or month

close ()
    Close network session

params
    Parameters to use in API calls

read ()
    Unfortunately, IEX's API can only retrieve data one day or one month at a time. Rather than specifying a
    date range, we will have to run the read function for each date provided.

    Returns DataFrame

service
    Service endpoint

url
    API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.stats.MonthlySummaryReader (symbols=None, start=None,
                                                         end=None, retry_count=3,
                                                         pause=0.001, session=None)

    Monthly statistics from IEX

close ()
    Close network session

params
    Parameters to use in API calls

read ()
    Unfortunately, IEX's API can only retrieve data one day or one month at a time. Rather than speci-
    fying a date range, we will have to run the read function for each date provided.

    Returns DataFrame

service
    Service endpoint

url
    API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecordsReader (symbols=None, start=None,
                                                  end=None, retry_count=3,
                                                  pause=0.001, session=None)

    Total matched volume information from IEX

close ()
    Close network session

params
    Parameters to use in API calls

read ()
    Read data

```

service
Service endpoint

url
API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.stats.**RecentReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None*)
Recent trading volume from IEX

Notes

Returns 6 fields for each day:

- **date**: refers to the trading day.
- **volume**: refers to executions received from order routed to away trading centers.
- **routedVolume**: refers to single counted shares matched from executions on IEX.
- **marketShare**: refers to IEX's percentage of total US Equity market volume.
- **isHalfday**: will be true if the trading day is a half day.
- **litVolume**: refers to the number of lit shares traded on IEX (single-counted).

close ()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read ()
Read data

service
Service endpoint

url
API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.deep.**Deep** (*symbols=None, service=None, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None*)
Retrieve order book data from IEX

Notes

Real-time depth of book quotations direct from IEX. Returns aggregated size of resting displayed orders at a price and side. Does not indicate the size or number of individual orders at any price level. Non-displayed orders and non-displayed portions of reserve orders are not counted.

Also provides last trade price and size information. Routed executions are not reported.

close ()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data

service
Service endpoint

url
API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.tops.**TopsReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None*)

Near-real time aggregated bid and offer positions

Notes

IEX's aggregated best quoted bid and offer position for all securities on IEX's displayed limit order book.

close()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data

service
Service endpoint

url
API URL

class pandas_datareader.iex.tops.**LastReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None*)

Information of executions on IEX

Notes

Last provides trade data for executions on IEX. Provides last sale price, size and time.

close()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data

service
Service endpoint

url
API URL

4.5.7 Moscow Exchange (MOEX)

class pandas_datareader.moex.MoexReader (*args, **kwargs)

Returns DataFrame of historical stock prices from symbols from Moex

Parameters

- **symbols** (*str, array-like object (list, tuple, Series), or DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or DataFrame with index containing stock symbols.
- **start** (*str, (defaults to '1/1/2010')*) – Starting date, timestamp. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., 'JAN-01-2010', '1/1/10', 'Jan, 1, 1980')
- **end** (*str, (defaults to today)*) – Ending date, timestamp. Same format as starting date.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize** (*int, default 25*) – Number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

Notes

To avoid being penalized by Moex servers, pauses between downloading 'chunks' of symbols can be specified.

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data

url

API URL

4.5.8 Morningstar

class pandas_datareader.mstar.daily.MorningstarDailyReader (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None, incl_splits=False, incl_dividends=False, incl_volume=True, currency='usd', interval='d'*)

Read daily data from Morningstar

Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol or list of symbols
- **start** (*string, (defaults to '1/1/2010')*) – Starting date, timestamp. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., 'JAN-01-2010', '1/1/10', 'Jan, 1, 1980')
- **end** (*string, (defaults to today)*) – Ending date, timestamp. Same format as starting date.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*{str, None}*) – Frequency to use in select readers
- **incl_splits** (*bool, optional*) – Include splits in data
- **incl_dividends** (*bool, optional*) – Include dividends in data
- **incl_volume** (*bool, optional*) – Include volume in data
- **currency** (*str, optional*) – Currency to use for data
- **interval** (*str, optional*) – Sampling interval to use for downloaded data

Notes

See [Morningstar](#)

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data

url

API URL

4.5.9 NASDAQ

`pandas_datareader.nasdaq_trader.get_nasdaq_symbols` (*retry_count=3, timeout=30, pause=None*)

Get the list of all available equity symbols from Nasdaq.

Returns `nasdaq_tickers` – DataFrame with company tickers, names, and other properties.

Return type `pandas.DataFrame`

4.5.10 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

`class pandas_datareader.oecd.OECDReader` (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from OECD.

close()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data from connector

url
API URL

4.5.11 Quandl

class pandas_datareader.quandl.**QuandlReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None, chunksize=25*)

Returns DataFrame of historical stock prices from symbol, over date range, start to end.

New in version 0.5.0.

Parameters

- **symbols** (*string*) – Possible formats: 1. DB/SYM: The Quandl ‘codes’: DB is the database name, SYM is a ticker-symbol-like Quandl abbreviation for a particular security. 2. SYM.CC: SYM is the same symbol and CC is an ISO country code, will try to map to the best single Quandl database for that country. Beware of ambiguous symbols (different securities per country)! Note: Cannot use more than a single string because of the inflexible way the URL is composed of url and `_get_params` in the superclass
- **start** (*string*) – Starting date, timestamp. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., ‘JAN-01-2010’, ‘1/1/10’, ‘Jan, 1, 1980’)
- **end** (*string, (defaults to today)*) – Ending date, timestamp. Same format as starting date.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize** (*int, default 25*) – Number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

close()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data

url
API URL

4.5.12 Robinhood

```
class pandas_datareader.robinhood.RobinhoodHistoricalReader (symbols,
                                                         start=None,
                                                         end=None,
                                                         retry_count=3,
                                                         pause=0.1,   time-
                                                         out=30,     ses-
                                                         sion=None,
                                                         freq=None,   in-
                                                         terval='day',
                                                         span='year')
```

Read historical values from Robinhood

Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol or list of symbols
- **start** (*None*) – Ignored. See span and interval.
- **end** (*None*) – Ignored. See span and interval.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*None*) – Quotes are near real-time and so this value is ignored
- **interval** (*{'day', 'week', '5minute', '10minute'}*) – Interval between historical prices
- **span** (*{'day', 'week', 'year', '5year'}*) – Time span relative to now to retrieve. The available spans are a function of interval. See notes

Notes

Only provides up to 1 year of daily data.

The available spans are a function of interval.

- day: year
- week: 5year
- 5minute: day, week
- 10minute: day, week

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data from connector

url

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.robinhood.RobinhoodQuoteReader (symbols, start=None,
                                                    end=None, retry_count=3,
                                                    pause=0.1, timeout=30,
                                                    session=None, freq=None)
```

Read quotes from Robinhood

Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol or list of symbols
- **start** (*None*) – Quotes are near real-time and so this value is ignored
- **end** (*None*) – Quotes are near real-time and so this value is ignored
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*None*) – Quotes are near real-time and so this value is ignored

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data from connector

url

API URL

4.5.13 Stooq.com

```
class pandas_datareader.stooq.StooqDailyReader (symbols=None, start=None, end=None,
                                                retry_count=3, pause=0.001, ses-
                                                sion=None, chunksize=25)
```

Returns DataFrame/Panel of historical stock prices from symbols, over date range, start to end. To avoid being penalized by Google Finance servers, pauses between downloading ‘chunks’ of symbols can be specified.

Parameters

- **symbols** (*string, array-like object (list, tuple, Series), or DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or DataFrame with index containing stock symbols.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize** (*int, default 25*) – Number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

Notes

See Stooq

close()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data

url
API URL

4.5.14 Tiingo

class pandas_datareader.tiingo.**TiingoDailyReader**(*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None, api_key=None*)

Historical daily data from Tiingo on equities, ETFs and mutual funds

Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol of like of symbols
- **start** (*str, (defaults to '1/1/2010')*) – Starting date, timestamp. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., 'JAN-01-2010', '1/1/10', 'Jan, 1, 1980')
- **end** (*str, (defaults to today)*) – Ending date, timestamp. Same format as starting date.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*{str, None}*) – Not used.
- **api_key** (*str, optional*) – Tiingo API key . If not provided the environmental variable TIINGO_API_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

close()
Close network session

params
Parameters to use in API calls

read()
Read data from connector

url
API URL

class pandas_datareader.tiingo.**TiingoQuoteReader**(*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None, api_key=None*)

Read quotes (latest prices) from Tiingo

Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol of like of symbols

- **start** (*str*, (defaults to '1/1/2010')) – Not used.
- **end** (*str*, (defaults to today)) – Not used.
- **retry_count** (*int*, default 3) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float*, default 0.1) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session*, default None) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*{str, None}*) – Not used.
- **api_key** (*str*, optional) – Tiingo API key . If not provided the environmental variable TIINGO_API_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

Notes

This is a special case of the daily reader which automatically selected the latest data available for each symbol.

close()
Close network session

read()
Read data from connector

url
API URL

class pandas_datareader.tiingo.**TiingoMetaDataReader** (*symbols*, *start=None*, *end=None*,
retry_count=3, *pause=0.1*,
timeout=30, *session=None*,
freq=None, *api_key=None*)

Read metadata about symbols from Tiingo

Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol of like of symbols
- **start** (*str*, (defaults to '1/1/2010')) – Not used.
- **end** (*str*, (defaults to today)) – Not used.
- **retry_count** (*int*, default 3) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float*, default 0.1) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session*, default None) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*{str, None}*) – Not used.
- **api_key** (*str*, optional) – Tiingo API key . If not provided the environmental variable TIINGO_API_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

close()
Close network session

read()
Read data from connector

url
API URL

pandas_datareader.tiingo.**get_tiingo_symbols()**
Get the set of stock symbols supported by Tiingo

Returns symbols – DataFrame with symbols (ticker), exchange, asset type, currency and start and end dates

Return type DataFrame

Notes

Reads https://apimedia.tiingo.com/docs/tiingo/daily/supported_tickers.zip

4.5.15 Thrift Savings Plan (TSP)

```
class pandas_datareader.tsp.TSPReader (symbols=('Linc', 'L2020', 'L2030', 'L2040', 'L2050',
                                             'G', 'F', 'C', 'S', 'I'), start=None, end=None,
                                       retry_count=3, pause=0.001, session=None)
```

Returns DataFrame of historical TSP fund prices from symbols, over date range, start to end.

Parameters

- **symbols** (*str, array-like object (list, tuple, Series), or DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or DataFrame with index containing stock symbols.
- **start** (*str, (defaults to '1/1/2010')*) – Starting date, timestamp. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., 'JAN-01-2010', '1/1/10', 'Jan, 1, 1980')
- **end** (*str, (defaults to today)*) – Ending date, timestamp. Same format as starting date.
- **retry_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

close()

Close network session

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

read one data from specified URL

url

API URL

4.5.16 World Bank

```
class pandas_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader (symbols=None, countries=None, start=None,
                                             end=None, freq=None, retry_count=3,
                                             pause=0.001, session=None, errors='warn')
```

Download data series from the World Bank's World Development Indicators

Parameters

- **symbols** (*WorldBank indicator string or list of strings*) – taken from the `id` field in `WDIsearch()`

- **countries** (*string or list of strings*) – all downloads data for all countries 2 or 3 character ISO country codes select individual countries (e.g. “US”, “CA”) or (e.g. “USA”, “CAN”). The codes can be mixed. The two ISO lists of countries, provided by wikipedia, are hardcoded into pandas as of 11/10/2014.
- **start** (*Timestamp or int*) – First year of the data series. Month and day are ignored.
- **end** (*Timestamp or int*) – Last year of the data series (inclusive). Month and day are ignored.
- **errors** (*str {'ignore', 'warn', 'raise'}, default 'warn'*) – Country codes are validated against a hardcoded list. This controls the outcome of that validation, and attempts to also apply to the results from world bank. errors='raise', will raise a ValueError on a bad country code.

close()

Close network session

get_countries()

Query information about countries

Notes

Provides information such as:

- country code
- region
- income level
- capital city
- latitude
- and longitude

get_indicators()

Download information about all World Bank data series

params

Parameters to use in API calls

read()

Read data

search (*string='gdp.*capi', field='name', case=False*)

Search available data series from the world bank

Parameters

- **string** (*string*) – regular expression
- **field** (*string*) – id, name, source, sourceNote, sourceOrganization, topics See notes below
- **case** (*bool*) – case sensitive search?

Notes

The first time this function is run it will download and cache the full list of available series. Depending on the speed of your network connection, this can take time. Subsequent searches will use the cached copy, so they should be much faster.

`id`: Data series indicator (for use with the `indicator` argument of `WDI()`) e.g. `NY.GNS.ICTR.GN.ZS`
`name`: Short description of the data series
`source`: Data collection project source
`Organization`: Data collection organization
`note`: sourceNote: topics:

url

API URL

```
pandas_datareader.wb.download(country=None, indicator=None, start=2003, end=2005,
                               freq=None, errors='warn', **kwargs)
```

Download data series from the World Bank's World Development Indicators

Parameters

- **indicator** (*string or list of strings*) – taken from the `id` field in `WDIsearch()`
- **country** (*string or list of strings*) – all downloads data for all countries 2 or 3 character ISO country codes select individual countries (e.g. `“US“`, `“CA“`) or (e.g. `“USA“`, `“CAN“`). The codes can be mixed.
 The two ISO lists of countries, provided by wikipedia, are hardcoded into pandas as of 11/10/2014.
- **start** (*int*) – First year of the data series
- **end** (*int*) – Last year of the data series (inclusive)
- **freq** (*str*) – frequency or periodicity of the data to be retrieved (e.g. `‘M’` for monthly, `‘Q’` for quarterly, and `‘A’` for annual). None defaults to annual.
- **errors** (*str {‘ignore’, ‘warn’, ‘raise’}*, default `‘warn’`) – Country codes are validated against a hardcoded list. This controls the outcome of that validation, and attempts to also apply to the results from world bank. `errors=‘raise’`, will raise a `ValueError` on a bad country code.
- **kwargs** – keywords passed to `WorldBankReader`

Returns `data` – `DataFrame` with columns `country`, `iso_code`, `year`, `indicator` value

Return type `DataFrame`

```
pandas_datareader.wb.get_countries(**kwargs)
```

Query information about countries

Provides information such as: country code, region, income level, capital city, latitude, and longitude

Parameters `kwargs` – keywords passed to `WorldBankReader`

```
pandas_datareader.wb.get_indicators(**kwargs)
```

Download information about all World Bank data series

Parameters `kwargs` – keywords passed to `WorldBankReader`

```
pandas_datareader.wb.search(string='gdp.*capi', field='name', case=False, **kwargs)
```

Search available data series from the world bank

Parameters

- **string** (*string*) – regular expression
- **field** (*string*) – id, name, source, sourceNote, sourceOrganization, topics. See notes
- **case** (*bool*) – case sensitive search?
- **kwargs** – keywords passed to WorldBankReader

Notes

The first time this function is run it will download and cache the full list of available series. Depending on the speed of your network connection, this can take time. Subsequent searches will use the cached copy, so they should be much faster.

id : Data series indicator (for use with the `indicator` argument of `WDI()`) e.g. "NY.GNS.ICTR.GN.ZS"

- name: Short description of the data series
- source: Data collection project
- sourceOrganization: Data collection organization
- note:
- sourceNote:
- topics:

CHAPTER 5

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