
django-maintenance-window Documentation

Release 0.2.1

Jorik Kraaikamp

Jul 08, 2019

Contents

1	django-maintenance-window	3
1.1	Documentation	3
1.2	Quickstart	3
1.3	Settings	4
1.4	Running Tests	4
1.5	Credits	4
2	Installation	5
3	Usage	7
4	Contributing	9
4.1	Types of Contributions	9
4.2	Get Started!	10
4.3	Pull Request Guidelines	11
4.4	Tips	11
5	Credits	13
5.1	Development Lead	13
5.2	Contributors	13
6	History	15
6.1	0.2.1 (2017-10-30)	15
6.2	0.2.0 (2017-10-26)	15
6.3	0.1.0 (2017-10-26)	15

Contents:

Your project description goes here

1.1 Documentation

The full documentation is at <https://django-maintenance-window.readthedocs.io>.

1.2 Quickstart

Install django-maintenance-window:

```
pip install django-maintenance-window
```

Add it to your *INSTALLED_APPS*:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (  
    ...  
    'django-solo',  
    'django_maintenance_window',  
    ...  
)
```

Add django-maintenance-window's middleware to the middleware:

```
MIDDLEWARE_CLASSES = [  
    ...  
    'django_maintenance_window.middleware.MaintenanceModeMiddleware',  
    ...  
]
```

or

```
MIDDLEWARE = [  
    ...  
    'django_maintenance_window.middleware.MaintenanceModeMiddleware',  
    ...  
]
```

1.3 Settings

- **MAINTENANCE_TEMPLATE = 'django_maintenance_window/maintenance.html'** Overwrite the template that is used for the maintenance template
- **MAINTENANCE_DISPLAY_END_DATE = False** If the end date should be displayed at the bottom of the page.
- **MAINTENANCE_EXCLUDE_ADMIN_URLS = True** This will allow accessing the admin even if maintenance mode is active.
- **MAINTENANCE_EXCLUDE_SUPER_USER = False** This will allow super users to see the site even if maintenance mode is active.
- **MAINTENANCE_EXCLUDE_STAFF_USER = False** This will allow staff users to see the site even if maintenance mode is active.

1.4 Running Tests

Does the code actually work?

```
source <YOURVIRTUALENV>/bin/activate  
(myenv) $ pip install tox  
(myenv) $ tox
```

1.5 Credits

Tools used in rendering this package:

- [Cookiecutter](#)
- [cookiecutter-djangopackage](#)

CHAPTER 2

Installation

At the command line:

```
$ easy_install django-maintenance-window
```

Or, if you have virtualenvwrapper installed:

```
$ mkvirtualenv django-maintenance-window  
$ pip install django-maintenance-window
```


To use `django-maintenance-window` in a project, add it to your `INSTALLED_APPS`:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (  
    ...  
    'django_maintenance_window.apps.DjangoMaintenanceWindowConfig',  
    ...  
)
```

Add `django-maintenance-window`'s URL patterns:

```
from django_maintenance_window import urls as django_maintenance_window_urls  
  
urlpatterns = [  
    ...  
    url(r'^$', include(django_maintenance_window_urls)),  
    ...  
)
```


Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given. You can contribute in many ways:

4.1 Types of Contributions

4.1.1 Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/jostcrow/django-maintenance-window/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Your operating system name and version.
- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

4.1.2 Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

4.1.3 Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “feature” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

4.1.4 Write Documentation

django-maintenance-window could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official django-maintenance-window docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

4.1.5 Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/jostcrow/django-maintenance-window/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

4.2 Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here's how to set up *django-maintenance-window* for local development.

1. Fork the *django-maintenance-window* repo on GitHub.
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/django-maintenance-window.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have virtualenvwrapper installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv django-maintenance-window
$ cd django-maintenance-window/
$ python setup.py develop
```

4. Create a branch for local development:

```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

5. When you're done making changes, check that your changes pass flake8 and the tests, including testing other Python versions with tox:

```
$ flake8 django_maintenance_window tests
$ python setup.py test
$ tox
```

To get flake8 and tox, just pip install them into your virtualenv.

6. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

7. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

4.3 Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.
2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a docstring, and add the feature to the list in README.rst.
3. The pull request should work for Python 2.6, 2.7, and 3.3, and for PyPy. Check https://travis-ci.org/jostcrow/django-maintenance-window/pull_requests and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.

4.4 Tips

To run a subset of tests:

```
$ python -m unittest tests.test_django_maintenance_window
```


5.1 Development Lead

- Jorik Kraaikamp <jorik@maykinmedia.nl>

5.2 Contributors

None yet. Why not be the first?

6.1 0.2.1 (2017-10-30)

- Fixed that the admin would give a 500 when you only set the maintenance_from.

6.2 0.2.0 (2017-10-26)

- Now the admin exclude will work with i18n urls.
- MAINTENANCE_EXCLUDE_ADMIN_URLS is now a setting (default=True)
- MAINTENANCE_EXCLUDE_SUPER_USER is now a setting (default=False)
- MAINTENANCE_EXCLUDE_STAFF_USER is now a setting (default=False)

6.3 0.1.0 (2017-10-26)

- First release on PyPI.