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Getting Started

Please follow the instructions provided by the instructor to start your lab and access your jump host.

Note: All work for this lab will be performed exclusively from the Windows jumphost. No installation or interaction with your local system is required.

1.1 Lab Topology

The following components have been included in your lab environment:

- 1 x F5 BIG-IP AFM VE (v13.1.0.6)
- 2 x vyOS routers (v1.1.8)
- 1 x Flowmon Collector (v9.01.04)/DDoS Defender (v4.01.00)
- 1 x Webserver (Ubuntu 16.04)
- 1 x Jumphost (Windows 7)
- 1 x Attacker (Ubuntu 16.04)

1.1.1 Lab Components

The following table lists VLANS, IP Addresses and Credentials for all components:

Component	VLAN/IP Address(es)	Connection Type, Credentials
Jumphost	 Management: 10.1.1.199 Users: 10.1.10.30 Internal: 10.1.20.30 Servers: 10.1.30.30 	RDP external_user/P@ssw0rd!
BIG-IP AFM	• Management: 10.1.1.7 • Internal: 10.1.20.245	TMUI admin/admin
Flowmon Collector/DDoS Defender	• Management: 10.1.1.9 • Internal: 10.1.20.10	TMUI admin/admin
Router 1	 Management: 10.1.1.10 Users: 10.1.10.243 Internal: 10.1.20.243 	ssh vyos/vyos
Router 2	 Management: 10.1.1.11 Users: 10.1.10.244 Internal: 10.1.20.244 	ssh vyos/vyos
Attacker	• Management: 10.1.1.4 • Users: 10.1.10.100	ssh f5admin/f5admin
Webserver	• Management: 10.1.1.6 • Servers: 10.1.30.252	ssh f5admin/f5admin

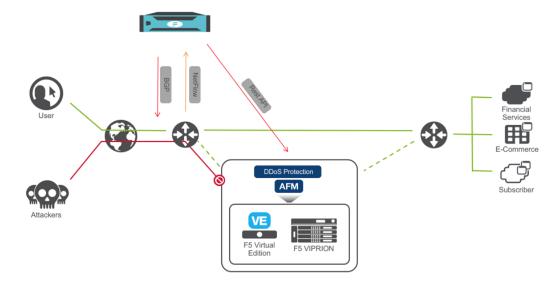
Module - Deployment use case and Lab diagram

In this module you will learn about common use-case for AFM/DHD + Flowmon out-of-path DDoS protection solution and explore Lab diagram.

2.1 Deployment use case

A Joint F5 + Flowmon solution is deployed "out-of-path" and provides an out-of-band DDoS mitigation of L3-4 volumetric DDoS attacks. It's a simple and convenient solution that leverages the existing IT infrastructure to provide traffic flow information.

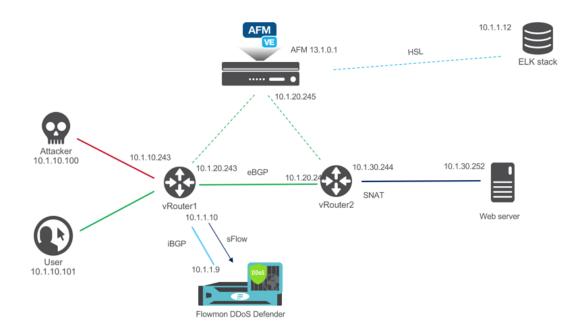
Flowmon Collector appliance receives NetFlow/sFlow/IPFIX from edge routers while Flowmon DDoS Defender uses i/eBGP/Flowspec to route the traffic to F5 DHD/AFM appliance. F5 DHD/AFM DDoS profile, VS and other parameters provisioned dynamically through iControl REST.



Pic.1 Solution Diagram

2.2 Lab blueprint setup

Lab blueprint is deployed in Oracle Ravello cloud with access from F5 UDF portal. All Flowmon elements are pre-configured, F5 AFM VE resources are provisioned and network is configured.



Pic.2 Lab blueprint

2.3 Licensing

BIG-IP is licensed automatically.

Evaluation license has been applied to Flowmon Collector/DDoS Defender. Please contact Lab admin if there are issues with any lab elements.

2.4 Other considerations

Note: Router1 is configured to export sFlow with sampling rate of 1

Note: Learn about sFlow:
https://sflow.org

Module – DDoS Attack

In this module you will prepare for and launch a SYN flood DoS attack. You will need an active RDP connection to a Linux Jumphost to perform all necessary prerequisites

3.1 Prepare traffic visualization and monitoring

- · Connect to Windows jumphost using RDP
- Open SSH connections to Router1 and Router2
- Verify Router1 BGP configuration. Protected subnet 10.1.30.0/24 should have a Next Hop defined as Route

```
show ip bgp
    [vyos@vrouter1:~$ show ip bgp
     BGP table version is 0, local router ID is 10.1.10.243
     Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
                  r RIB-failure, S Stale, R Removed
     Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
        Network
                        Next Hop
                                            Metric LocPrf Weight Path
     *> 10.1.10.0/24
                        0.0.0.0
                                                          32768 i
                                               1
                        10.1.20.244
                                                              0 3 2 i
     * 10.1.30.0/24
                                                              0 2 i
     *>
                                                 1
                        10.1.20.244
     Total number of prefixes 2
```

· Start interface monitoring in Router1 and Router2

monitor interfaces ethernet

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[vyos@vrouter1:~\$ monitor interfaces ethernet

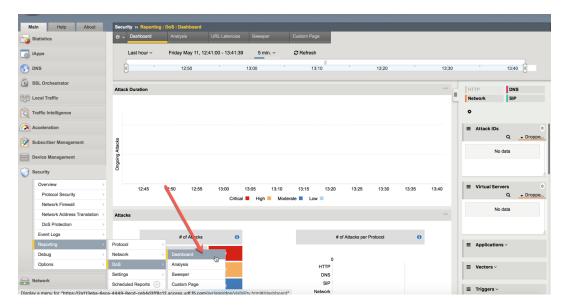
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#	Inte	erfa	ce						RX	Ra	ate	:		RX	#			ГΧ	R	ate	9				ТХ	#	
vroi	uter2 (sou	rce:	lo	cal)																					
0	eth@)							6	5.0	00E	3			0			36	1.	00E	3					0	
1	eth1	L								0.0	00E	3			0			(0.	00E	3					0	
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RX	В																										
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[vyos@vrouter2:~\$ monitor interfaces ethernet

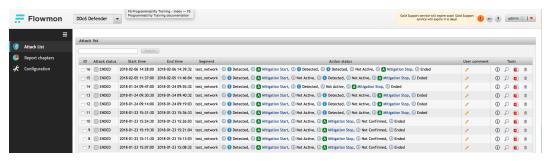
• Select eth1 and press g to enable graphical statistics

Note: You may need to expand terminal window for graphs to appear

- Open Web Browser and click on *BIG-IP AFM* bookmark, then login into BIG-IP TMUI using admin credentials
- Open DoS Visibility Dashboard in AFM TMUI



- In a new Browser tab click on *Flowmon Web interface* bookmark. Once Flowmon main menu opens, click on *Flowmon DDoS Defender* icon and login using admin credentials
- Open Attack List in Flowmon DDoS Defender WebUI



Note: Disregard any active alarms Flowmon may show in the upper right screen corner. These are artifcts of this lab environment

3.2 Initiate DDoS attack

3.2.1 Run SYN flood (hping3) from Attacker VM

- Click on Attacker SSH icon to open Attacker VM ssh session
- From Attacker VM run SYN flood towards Web server

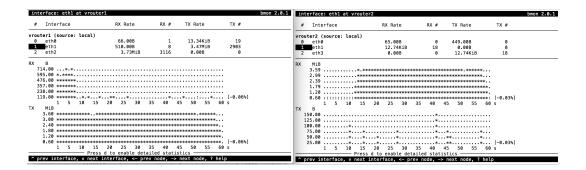
```
./syn_flood

[f5admin@attacker:~$ ./syn_flood

[[sudo] password for f5admin:

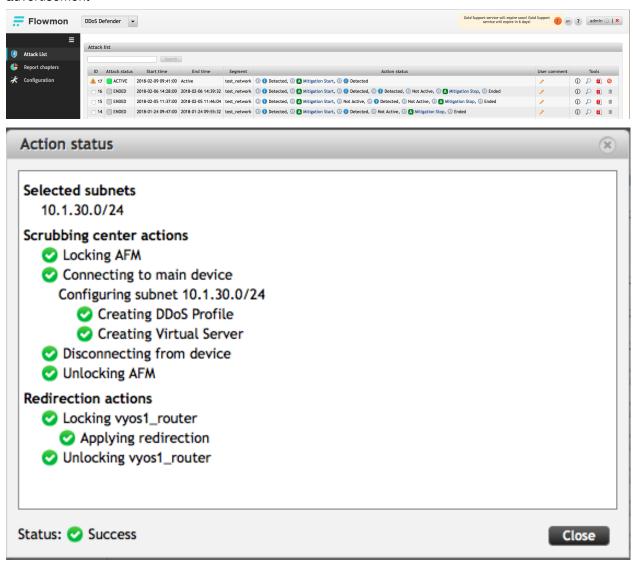
HPING 10.1.30.252 (ens3 10.1.30.252): S set, 40 headers + 1200 data bytes
hping in flood mode, no replies will be shown
```

• Observe traffic growth in both Router1 and Router2. After **15-45 seconds** traffic will drop in Router2 due to DDoS detection and mitigation start



3.2.2 DDoS mitigation start

An ACTIVE attack with the new ID will appear in Flowmon DDoS defender 'Active attacks' screen. Flowmon dynamically provisions AFM DDoS profile and VS, and initiates traffic diversion to AFM using BGP advertisement



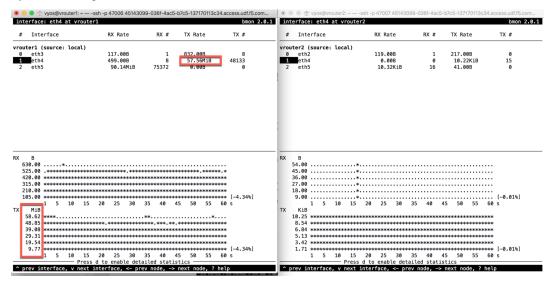
3.2.3 BGP route change and traffic drop

Router1 shows new route to protected 10.1.30.0/24 subnet

```
show ip bgp
vyos@vrouter1:~$ show ip bgp
BGP table version is 0, local router ID is 10.1.10.243
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
              r RIB-failure, S Stale, R Removed
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
   Network
                    Next Hop
                                        Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*> 0.0.0.0
                    10.1.1.1
                                              0
                                                        32768 ?
   10 1 10 0/24
                    aaaa
                                                        32768 i
*>i10.1.30.0/24
                    10.1.20.245
                                                   100
                                                            0 i
                    10.1.20.244
```

Total number of prefixes 3

 As traffic is being routed through AFM, Router2 shows no significant network activity while Router1 still experiences high traffic load



3.2.4 AFM DDoS profile and virtual server

Note: Flowmon uses iControl REST interface to provision necessary parameters in AFM

• In AFM TMUI Navigate to **Security** -> **DoS protection** -> **DoS profiles** and confirm that the DoS profile has been provisioned for the protected subnet

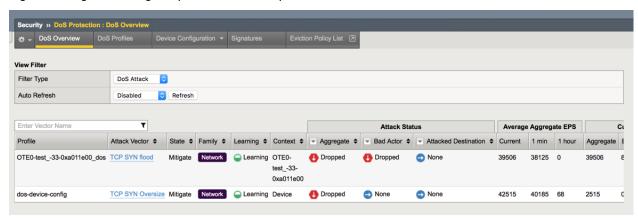


In Local Traffic -> Virtual Servers -> Virtual Server List confirm that VS with corresponding Attack
 ID has been created



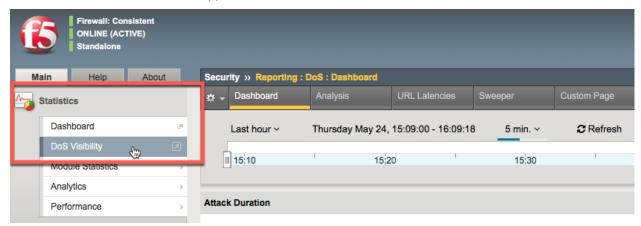
3.2.5 AFM DDoS mitigation

In AFM TMUI navigate to **Security -> DoS Protection -> DoS Overview** and confirm that AFM is performing DoS mitigation using the provisioned DoS profile



Note: Statistics -> DoS Visibility TMUI menu provides graphical attack data

It may take up to ~5 minutes for DoS Visibility Dashboard to show our simulated DDoS attack. You may need to click *Refresh* for data to appear



3.3 Attack stop

3.3.1 Stop SYN flood

Press (Ctrl-C) to finish the attack. Traffic will drop on Router1

	terfac	. c	CIII	ац	viout	CII											bmon 2.0
#	Int	erfa	ce				RX Ra	te		RX #	Т	X Ra	te		TX	#	
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0	eth	9					65.0	0B		0	3	45.00	0 B			0	
1	eth:	1					0.0	0B		0		0.0	2 B			0	
2	eth:	2					0.0	0B		0		0.0	0 B			0	
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	564.00										* .		*				
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	376.00						*	****	****	***	*****	***	****	**			
	282.00						*	****	*****	****	*****	***	****	.***			
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Note: STOP HERE. It will take 5-10 minutes for Flowmon to mark the attack as *NOT ACTIVE*. This is done in order to avoid 'flip-flop' effect in repeated attack situation

3.3.2 Mitigation stop

Flowmon DDoS Defender Attack List screen shows the current attack with status *NOT ACTIVE*. Attack will transition to *ENDED* state when Flowmon performs *Mitigation Stop* routine





^{*}It typically takes ~ 5min for Flowmon DDoS Defender to update attack status

3.3.3 AFM configuration, BGP route removal

As part of *Mitigation Stop* routine Flowmon removes BGP route from Router1 and Virtual Server and DDoS Profile from AFM

```
show ip bqp
vyos@vrouter1:~$ show ip bgp
BGP table version is 0, local router ID is 10.1.10.243
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
              r RIB-failure, S Stale, R Removed
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
   Network
                    Next Hop
                                        Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*> 0.0.0.0
                    10.1.1.1
                                              0
                                                        32768 ?
*> 10.1.10.0/24
                    0.0.0.0
                                              1
                                                        32768 i
*> 10.1.30.0/24
                    10.1.20.244
                                                            0 2 i
                                              1
```

Total number of prefixes 3

In AFM TMUI navigate to Security -> DoS Protection -> DoS Profiles

Verify that only default "dos" profile present



In AFM TMUI navigate to Local Traffic -> Virtual Servers -> Virtual Server List

Verify that Virtual Server matching Attack ID has been removed



Congratulations! You have successfully completed the lab!